# Guía para el Aprendizaje

	Fecha desde: Hasta:	
Nombre del alumn@:	Curso:	
Asignatura: Inglés	Nivel: Cuarto Medio	
Unidad: Derechos y deberes de la juventud	Contenido: Presente Perfecto Continuo	
Objetivo de aprendizaje: AE 02 – 04		

Leer y demostrar comprensión de ideas principales e información relevante en textos informativos, descriptivos y narrativos auténticos, simples y de variada extensión.

## PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS

- ¿Para qué se utiliza?
- **1)** Acciones no terminadas, es decir, que empezaron en el pasado y continúan en el momento presente:

Ej: "Llevo ya tres meses trabajando aquí." (I have been working here for three months now.)

**2)** Acciones que han finalizado hace muy poco, y de las que probablemente, todavía podamos observar algún rastro.

Ej: "Jenny está sudando porque ha estado corriendo." (Jenny is sweating because she's been running.)



I have + been + working + here for three months now.

Sujeto + auxiliar + verbo + verbo + complemento have/has been -ing

### Afirmación

I have been listening to music all day. (He estado escuchando música todo el día.) She has been listening to music all day. (Ella ha estado escuchando música todo el día.)

## X Negación

I haven't been listening to music all day. (No he estado escuchando música todo el día.) She hasn't been listening to music all day. (Ella no ha estado escuchando música todo el día.)

# ? Interrogación

Have I been listening to music all day? (¿He estado escuchando música todo el día?)
Has she been listening to music all day? (Ella no ha estado escuchando música todo el día.)

### **INGRESA A LOS SIGUIENTES LINKS DE APOYO**

1) Explicación detallada: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-JuL68R8TvY">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-JuL68R8TvY</a>
2) Ejemplos: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PtUAvPg5i6U">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PtUAvPg5i6U</a>

#### **ACTIVIDAD**

- 1) Una vez leído el contenido y visto los videos adjuntos, realiza los ejercicios a continuación.
- **2)** Al finalizar y revisar los ejercicios, envía la guía por correo a tu profesor/a correspondiente de inglés.

Importante: esta guía será evaluada con un total de tres timbres.

Los timbres serán asignados según respuestas correctas, y estos se sumarán al total de guías enviadas.

Para consultas puedes comunicarte a los siguientes correos:

Profesor Juan: <a href="mailto:jvalenciar82@yahoo.es">jvalenciar82@yahoo.es</a>,

Profesora Daniela: daniela.zamudio.r@gmail.com,

Profesora Fabiola (reemplazo Profesor José Luis): fabiola.castillo9@gmail.com,

### **EXERCISES**

I) Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

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cleaning - cutting - driving - drinking playing (x2) - shopping - sleeping - swimming
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1. He has been	very badly and crashed his car.	
2. He has been	too much vodka.	
3. He has been	onions.	
4. He has been	but now he has to get up.	
5. He has been	in the sea.	
6. They have been	and found a lot of bargains.	
7. He has been	with his catapult.	
8. She has been	a very dirty house.	
9. They have been	a big joke on everybody.	

## II) Underline the correct answer.

- 1. She has written / has been writing letters all morning.
- 2. I has been having / have been having this watch since I was at school.
- 3. They have been talking / has talking for the last hour.
- 4. Diana has been working / been working at that company for three years.
- 5. What have you been doing / have you been do for the last 30 minutes?
- 6. Carl was been teaching / has been teaching at the university since June.
- 7. They has been wait / have been waiting here for over two hours!
- 8. Why Samantha has not been taking / has Samantha not been taking her medicine for the last three days?
- 9. Recently, I been feeling / I have been feeling really tired.
- 10. Rick hasn't been watching / haven't been watching too much television lately.
- 11. Mary has feel / has been feeling a little depressed.
- 12. Lisa has not been practicing / not been practicing her English.

III) Use the words in brackets to make present continuous sentences. Remember to add has/have been and verb in ing form.

1. (she / work here for five years)
She has been working here for five years.
2. (I / study all day)
3. (you / eat a lot recently)
4. (we / live in London for six months)
5. (he / play football so he's tired)
6. (they / learn English for two years)
7. (it / not / snow)
8. (he / not / play football for five years)
9. (we / not / drink enough water – that's why we feel tired)
10. (I / not / sleep – I was reading)
11. (they / not / watch TV much recently)
12. (she / not / study)