CENTRO EDUCACIONAL FERNANDO DE ARAGÓN **ENSEÑANZA MEDIA**

Guía para el aprendizaje nº 2

iuía para el aprendizaje nº 2	Fecha desde: Hasta:
ombre del alumn@:	Curso:

Asignatura: Inglés Nivel: Segundo medio

Unidad: Global issues Contenido: Vocabulario y comprensión de lectura relacionada con problemas mundiales.

Objetivo de aprendizaje: 13-14-15-16

Global issues

- Global warming
- Poverty
- Hydric crisis
- Deforestation
- Overpopulation
- Corruption
- **Religious conflicts**
- Inequality
- War conflicts
- **Drug addictions**



Global issues are those that affect the whole planet and potentially all the people who live on it. Here's a list of several global issues.

Highlight those that affect our country.

Problemas globales son aquellos que afectan a todo el planeta y potencialmente a la gente que habita en ella. A tu izquierda hay una lista de diversos problemas.

Traduce y destaca aquellos que afecten nuestro país.

I-Read the following text and answer the questions:

Experts in climatology and other scientists are extremely concerned about the changes to our climate. Admittedly, climate changes have occurred on our planet before. For example: there had been several ice ages or glacial periods.

These changes were different from the modern ones because they occurred gradually and naturally. The current changes aren't the result of natural causes, but of human activity. Furthermore, the changes are occurring alarmingly rapid.



The major problem is perhaps, that the planet is warming up. According to some experts, this warming, known as global warming, has been occurring in the last 10,000 years. The implications for the planet are very serious. Rising global temperatures could give rise to such ecological disasters such as floods and droughts. This could have a harmful effect on agriculture.

This unusual warming of the earth has been caused partly by so- called greenhouse gases, such as carbon dioxide, being emitted into the atmosphere by car engines and modern industrial processes, for example. Such gases, not only add to the pollution of the atmosphere, but also create a greenhouse effect, by which the heat of sun is trapped. This leads to the warming up of the planet.

Politicians are also concerned about climate change and there are now regular meetings on the subject, attended by representatives from many of the world's industrialized countries. In Kyoto, Japan in 1997, it was agreed that the most industrialized countries would try to reduce the volume of greenhouse gas emissions and were given targets for their reductions.

It was also suggested that more forests should be planted to create so- called "sinks" to absorb greenhouse gases. At least part of the problem of rapid climate change has been caused by too drastic deforestation.

Sadly the targets are not being met. Even more sadly, global warnings about climate changes are often still being regarded as scaremongering.

						_					
1.	What ———	climat	te char	nges	have	taken p	place	before	the	present	time
2. pa:		are the m	nain differe	ences be	tween mo	odern clima	te chanç	ges and	the ones	that occur	rred in the
3.	What	were	the	agree	ments	reached	in	the	summit	in	Tokyoʻ
4. Which			suggestions		,	were		ade	and		why?
Ex	press	your	opinion:	ls	global	warmir	ng tru	e or	false?	Give	reasons