



ENGLISH TEST N°1

NAME: _____ **GRADE:** 7th _____ **DATE:** _____ **SCORE** _____ /24

Contenidos: Texto de mediana complejidad, Verbo To be, verbos de alta frecuencia, pronombres personales, Tiempo presente simple, vocabulario relacionado al contenido visto en clases.

Objetivos de Aprendizaje: OA09.- COMPRENSIÓN LECTORA: Demostrar comprensión de ideas generales e información explícita en textos adaptados y auténticos simples, en formato impreso o digital, acerca de temas variados (como experiencias personales, temas de otras asignaturas, del contexto inmediato, de actualidad e interés global o de otras culturas) y que contienen las funciones del año.

¡¡Escribe tus alternativas escogidas en la hoja de respuestas, al final de la prueba!!

I. - READ CAREFULLY THE TEXT OF 'DON'T BE LATE' AND ANSWER QUESTIONS. CHOOSE THE CORRECT ALTERNATIVE (08 points)

Paul wakes up early, at half past six, but he never get up immediately. He watches TV. But, then he is late. He is always late. Why does time always go so fast? Time always goes too fast. He looks at his watch. It's seven o'clock. It's time to get up! He has to leave in 10 minutes. So he turns off the TV and goes into the bathroom. He shaves his face. He brushes his teeth. He goes into his bedroom. He gets dressed. He looks at his watch again when he leaves home. It's half past seven. He has to hurry.

He goes out to his car. He drives fast, but he slows down at a stop sign. A police officer sees him and gives him a ticket! "Why don't you stop at the stop sign?" the police officer asks. "But officer, I am in a hurry", he answers. The police officer gives him the ticket and says, "Leave home earlier next time"

1. - What's the title of the text?

- a) Paul's day**
- b) Don't be late**
- c) One day in my life**
- d) Weak up earlier**

2. - What time does Paul wake up?

- a) At 6:00**
- b) At 6:30**
- c) At 7:00**
- d) At 7:30**

3. - Why is Paul late? a) Because he watches TV b) Because he has breakfast c) Because he takes a shower d) Because he reads a book	4. - What time does Paul get up? a) At 7:30 b) At 6:00 c) At 7:00 d) At 6:30
5.-What time does he leave home? a) At 8:00 b) At 7:45 c) At 7:00 d) At 7:30	6. - How does he drive? a) Fast b) Carefully c) Slowly d) Carelessly
7. - Who gives him a ticket? a) A Nurse b) A firefighter c) A postman d) A police officer	8. - What does the police officer say? a) Good morning b) See you soon c) Leave home earlier d) Take care!

II. - VOCABULARY. WHAT DOES IT MEAN IN SPANISH? , CHOOSE THE CORRECT ALTERNATIVE (08 pts)

9.- Watch a) Observar b) Reloj c) Muro d) Querer	10.- Leave a) Llegar a un lugar b) Reconocer un lugar c) Marcharse de un lugar d) Adornar un lugar
11.- Shave a) Lavar b) Afeitarse c) Cepillar d) Maquillar	12.- Rainforest a) Selva b) Lago c) Río d) Desierto
13.- Warm a) Frío b) Cálido c) Templado d) Congelado	14.- Low Temperature a) Temperatura alta b) Temperatura extrema c) Temperatura Templada d) Temperatura baja
15.- Dry a) Lluvioso b) Caluroso c) Seco d) Húmedo	16.- Desert a) Postre b) Desierto c) Despertar d) Descubrir

III. - READ CAREFULLY THE TEXT OF 'HABITATS' AND ANSWER QUESTIONS. CHOOSE THE CORRECT ALTERNATIVE (08 pts)

A habitat is the type of environment in which plants and animals live. A habitat is dictated by the climate and the geography. Deserts, rainforests and mountains are all examples of habitats where you can find particular types of plants and animals.

Deserts have a dry climate with few plants. There are extremely hot days and very cold nights. It may appear that deserts do not have many animals or plants, but a closer inspection can reveal high biodiversity.

Rainforests are wet and warm. It always rains a lot and they have an incredible diversity of life. There you can see a lot of types of animals and plants, too.

In the mountains the temperatures are normally low. At very high altitudes there is also less oxygen, making life difficult for both animals and plants.

<p>17. - What's the name of the text? a) Animals b) Habitats c) Plants d) Weather</p>	<p>18. - What is a Habitat? a) A place where plants and animals live b) People c) An Animal d) Plants</p>
<p>19. - Deserts, rainforests and mountains are example of: a) Types of houses b) Types of cars c) Types of Cities d) Types of Natural Habitats</p>	<p>20. - Where are there extremely hot days and cold nights? a) In the deserts b) In the rainforests c) In the Mountains d) In the Country</p>
<p>21. - How is the climate in the mountains? a) Low temperature and less oxygen b) High temperature and less oxygen c) Dry and warm d) Rainy and cold</p>	<p>22. - How is the climate in rainforests? a) Wet and cold b) Wet and warm c) Dry and warm d) Cold and wet</p>
<p>23. - How is the climate in Deserts? a) Warm b) Template c) Hot d) Rainy</p>	<p>24. - A habitat is dictated by: a) Animals and plants b) Climate and geography c) Animals and geography d) Plants and Climate</p>

Traslada tus respuestas a la hoja de respuesta

Hoja de respuesta	
1.-	13.-
2.-	14.-
3.-	15.-
4.-	16.-
5.-	17.-
6.-	18.-
7.-	19.-
8.-	20.-
9.-	21.-
10.-	22.-
11.-	23.-
12.-	24.-